



GWANDA STATE UNIVERSITY

FACULTY OF LIFE & MINING ENGINEERING SCIENCES

PEACE, LEADERSHIP, AND CONFLICT TRANSFORMATION

CTL 1101

EXAMINATION

FIRST SEMESTER Final Examination Paper

JUNE 2019

THIS EXAMINATION PAPER CONSISTS OF 4 PAGES

Time Allowed: 3 HOURS
Total Marks: 100
Special Requirements: READ THE CASE STUDY PROVIDED (Question 3)
READING TIME: 15 Minutes
Examiner's Name: MR. M. NCUBE

INSTRUCTIONS

SECTION A: ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

SECTION B: SELECT ANY TWO QUESTIONS

This paper consists of **SIX** questions.

MARK ALLOCATION

QUESTION	MARKS
ALL QUESTIONS CARRY 20MARKS EACH	20
TOTAL ATTAINABLE MARKS	100

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SECTION A: COMPULSORY

QUESTION 1

“New wars are deadlier and more destructive than old wars” With examples explain the attention new wars have been given in contrast with the older versions highlighting their major difference between them. [20].

QUESTION 2

- a) Conflict is derived from the fusion of two Latin words, ‘con’ and ‘fligere’. Define conflict using the two words highlighting what each means with examples. [10].
- b)
- i. Violence [2].
 - ii. Peace Enforcement [4].
 - iii. Write brief notes on the 4 types of violence highlighted by Reyhler *et al.* (2001) [4].

QUESTION 3 [CASE STUDY BASED QUESTION, SEE ATTACHED ANNEX]

Drawing from the attached **Sunday News Article dated 14th of April 2019**-Case Study, identify and explain the principles and three pillars of restorative justice highlighting their importance for peace to prevail. [20].

SECTION B: ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

QUESTION 4

Using the chart below; highlight the inadequacies of each of the forms of conflict resolutions without restorative justice. [20].



QUESTION 5

a) The Frustration Aggression Theory argues frustration leads to aggression. However, not all frustrations result in conflict. Explain the various steps involved preventing frustrations from becoming aggressions with examples. [10].



- b) Using Galtung (1969)'s ABC Triangle above, analyse and explain the causes of South Sudan's secession from Sudan and recommend solution to such issues. [10].

QUESTION 6

- a) Leadership in Conflict Management & the Five Alternative-Dispute-Resolution Mechanism. [10].
- i. Mediation (2)
 - ii. Reconciliation (2)
 - iii. Avoidance (2)
 - iv. Competing (2)
 - v. Collaborating (2)
- b) Distinguish conflict transformation from conflict resolution with practical examples. [10].

END OF EXAMINATION