

#### **FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND THE ENVIRONMENT**

### **DEPARTMENT OF MINING ENGINEERING**

#### **ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM**

#### **EGS 1210**

### **Final Examination Paper**

#### **MAY 2023**

This examination paper consists of 4 printed pages.

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100

Examiner's Name: Mr. P. Sigwegwe

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

ANSWER <u>ALL</u> PARTS OF QUESTION 1 IN SECTION A AND ANY <u>THREE</u> QUESTIONS FROM SECTION B. SECTION A CARRIES 40 MARKS AND SECTION B CARRIES 60 MARKS.

### **MARK ALLOCATION**

| QUESTION              | MARKS |
|-----------------------|-------|
| 1.                    | 40    |
| 2.                    | 20    |
| 3.                    | 20    |
| 4.                    | 20    |
| 5.                    | 20    |
| 6.                    | 20    |
| Maximum possible mark | 100   |

## **Additional Requirements**

Calculator

#### Constants

Permeability of free space  $\mu_{\circ} = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \, \text{Hm}^{-1}$ Permittivity of free space  $\epsilon_{o} = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \, \text{F m}^{-1}$ Charge of an electron  $\epsilon = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \, \text{C}$ Mass of an electron  $\epsilon = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \, \text{kg}$ Mass of an proton  $\epsilon = 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \, \text{kg}$ 

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#### **SECTION A**

## **QUESTION 1**

- a) What is an electric field? On a well labelled diagram draw electric field lines of a positive charge, negative charge and a dipole. [8]
- b) Distinguish between an Ohmic and a Non Ohmic material. [4]
- c) A rod of length *I* as shown in figure 1,has a uniform positive charge per unit length λ and a total charge Q. Calculate the electric field at a point P that is located along the x axis of the rod and a distance a from the rod.

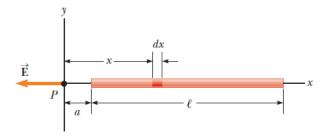


Figure 1: The electric field at P due to a uniformly charged rod lying along the x axis.

- d) Show that the ideal power equation of a transformer is given by  $\frac{V_p}{V_s} = \frac{I_s}{I_p} = \frac{N_p}{N_s}$  where  $V_s$  is the voltage in the secondary coil,  $V_p$  is the voltage in the primary coil,  $I_p$  is the current in the primary coil,  $I_s$  is the current in the secondary coil,  $N_s$  is the number of turns of the secondary coil and  $N_p$  is the number of turns of the primary coil. [6]
- e) An LC circuit oscillates at 10.4 kHz. Calculate the inductance if the capacitance is 340F.[5]
- f) Define the following terms

#### **SECTION B**

## **QUESTION 2**

| (a) | State Ohm's law ar | nd give any one use of | a resistor in a circuit. | [3] |
|-----|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
|-----|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----|

(b) Define capacitance (C) of a capacitor. [2]

(c) Two conductors of the same material and length have different resistances. Conductor A is a solid 1.00mm in diameter wire. Conductor B is a tube of inner diameter 1.00mm and outer diameter 2.00mm. Find the ratio of the resistance of conductor A to conductor B.[5]

(d) Derive the equation for capacitors in:

(i) Parallel. [5]

(ii) Series. [5]

## **QUESTION 3**

(a) Define the electric flux. [2]

(b) An insulating solid sphere of radius a has a uniform volume charge density  $\rho$  and carries a total positive charge  $\mathbf{Q}$ , using Gauss law

- (i) Calculate the magnitude of the electric field at a point outside the sphere. [5]
- (ii) Calculate the magnitude of the electric field at a point inside the sphere. [8]
- (iii) Sketch the electric field **E** versus radius **r** of the Gaussian surface. [5]

### **QUESTION 4**

- (a) What is an inductor? What is it used for in an electric circuit? [4]
- (b) Using Amperes law, derive the equation for the magnetic field **B** around a long current carrying conductor. [6]
- (c) Derive the equation  $I_{avg} = nqAv_d$  for the average current in a conductor where  $I_{avg}$  is the average current, n is the number of mobile charge carriers per unit volume, q is the charge on each carrier, A is cross-sectional area of cylindrical conductor and  $v_d$  is the velocity of the carriers.
- (d) State and explain the Biot-Savart rule. [4]

# **QUESTION 5**

(a) Give the following Maxwell's equations and state their scientific meaning.

| (i)  | Gauss's law. | [5] |
|------|--------------|-----|
| ('') | dadss s law. | را  |

- (ii) Gauss's law in Magnetism. [5]
- (iii) Faraday's law of Induction. [5]
- (iv) Ampere Maxwell law. [5]

## **QUESTION 6**

- (a) Define magnetic flux. [3]
- (b) With aid of a diagram describe the following terms
  - (i) Mutual inductance. [5]
  - (ii) Self inductance. [5]
- (c) Charges  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  are located on the **x** axis at distances at distances **a** and **b** respectively from the origin as shown in figure 2 below. Find the components of the net electric field at a point **P**, which is at position (0, y).

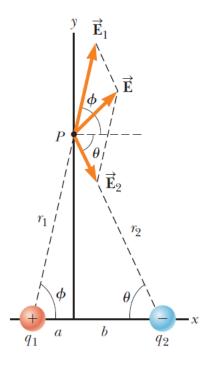


Figure 2: Diagram showing the electric field E at a point P.

