

# FACULTY OF ENGINEERING AND ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT OF METALLURGICAL/MINING ENGINEERING

### **ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS**

## **EMR/EMI 1101**

### **Final Examination Paper**

January 2019

This examination paper consists of 4 pages

Time Allowed: 3 hours

Total Marks: 100

Examiner's Name: Mr T GWEBU

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Answer ALL QUESTIONS IN SECTION A

2. Answer ANY THREE QUESTIONS FROM SECTION B

3. Use of calculators is permissible

## **MARK ALLOCATION**

SECTION A	40 MARKS	
SECTION B	60 MARKS	
Total Attainable	100 MARKS	

#### SECTION A

A1. Find the limits

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to -5} \frac{x^2 - 25}{x^2 + 2x - 15}$$
, [3]

(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{20x^4 - 7x^3}{2x + 9x^2 + 5x^4},$$
 [3]

(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)^x.$$
 [4]

**A2.** Determine if the following function is continuous or discontinuous at x = 6.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & x < 6 \\ x - 1, & x \ge 6. \end{cases} [4]$$

A3. (a) Let 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x-1}$$
. Evaluate  $f'(5)$  from first principles. [4]

(b) Find the first derivative of 
$$y = (x^2 + 4)^{2x}$$
. [4]

A4. Evaluate the following

(a) 
$$\int 90x^2 \sin(2+6x^3) dx$$
, by using a substitution, [3]

(b) 
$$\int \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx$$
, by the method of partial fractions. [4]

**A5.** (a) Determine the modulus and argument of the complex number z = 2 + 3i and express z in polar form. [5]

(b) Find the angle between the planes 
$$3x - 6y - 2z = 15$$
 and  $2x + y - 2z = 5$ . [6]

## SECTION B

**B6.** (a) Find the reduction formula for  $I_n = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx$ . Hence, evaluate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^3 x dx$ . [8]

- (b) Find the area of the region bounded by the curves  $y = \sin x$ ,  $y = \cos x$ , x = 0 and  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
- (c) Compute the volume of the solid generated by revolving about y-axis, the region enclosed by the parabolas  $y = x^2$  and  $8x = y^2$ . Use the method of washers. [6]

B7. (a) Differentiate  $y = e^{x^2} \operatorname{sech}^{-1} x$ . [5]

- (b) Find the coordinates of any stationary points on the curve  $y = x^3 12x 5$  and distinguish between them. Hence sketch the curve. [8]
- (c) We want to construct a window whose middle is a rectangle and the top and bottom of the window are semi-circles. If we have 50m of framing material, what are the dimensions of the window that will let in the most light? [7]

**B8.** (a) Find all the asymptotes of the curve  $y = \frac{x^3}{x^2 + x - 2}$ . [4]

- (b) Use De Moivre's theorem to express  $\cos 3\theta$  and  $\sin 3\theta$  in terms of  $\cos \theta$  and  $\sin \theta$ . [4]
- (c) Find the square roots of z = 5 + 3i in rectangular form correct to 4 significant figures. [6]
- (d) By considering the real and imaginary parts, evaluate

$$\int e^{4x} \cos 5x dx.$$

[6]

**B9.** (a) Find the volume of the parallelopiped with adjacent edges PQ, PR and PS. P(-2,1,0), Q(2,3,2), R(1,4,-1) and S(3,6,1). [6]

- (b) Find vectors  $\mathbf{v}$  and  $\mathbf{w}$  such that  $\mathbf{v}$  is parallel to (1, 2, 3),  $\mathbf{v} + \mathbf{w} = (7, 3, 5)$  and  $\mathbf{w}$  is orthogonal to (1, 2, 3).
- (c) Find the distance between the skew lines

$$L_1: x = 1 + t, y = -2 + 3t, z = 4 - t,$$

$$L_2: x = 2s, y = 3 + s, z = -3 + 4s.$$

[9]

## END OF QUESTION PAPER